Time: Three hours

Maximum: 75 marks

SECTION A — $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

Answer any TEN questions

Define nominal account.

- 2. Define objectivity concept.
- 3. What do you mean by intangible assets?
- 4. What is error of principle?
- 5. State diminishing balance method.
- 6. State two limitations of accounting.
- 7. What is conversion method?
- 8. Define cash discount.

Pass adjustment entries:

9

- (a) Premium towards the LIC and advance income tax amounting Rs. 6,000 and Rs. 15,000, respectively.
- (b) Depreciation on machinery Rs. 8,000 and on building Rs. 12,000.

1) BCA - Financial

10. Give correct rectification entry:

- (a) Repairing cost of a building Rs. 500 has been charged to building account.
- (b) Credit sales of Rs. 2,000 to Chander have been posted to the debit of miscellaneous expenses account.
- 11. X company purchased for Rs. 1,50,000 on 1.1.2006. The life of the machinery estimated as 10 years. Scrap value at the end of that time as Rs. 10,000. It was decided to write off depreciation by equal annual instalments. Prepare amount of deprecation.
- 12. You are required to determine the amount of total sales: opening stock Rs. 8,000, purchases Rs. 40,000, closing stock Rs. 7,000. Gross profit on sale = 1/6

SECTION B — $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$

Answer any FIVE questions.

- 13. What are the characteristics of single entry system?
- 14. Narrate the kinds of cash book.
- 15. What are the items appear on the liability side of a balance sheet?

Accounting.

51325/SBZ3C

2

- 16. The machinery account of a factory showed a balance of Rs. 3,80,000 on 1.1.2006. The accounts are closed every year on 31st December. Depreciation is written off @ 10% p.a. on diminishing balance. Show the machinery account for 3 years.
- 17. From the following particulars, prepare a two columnar cash book.

28		20	ь, -	17	15	10	4	July 1	2008
Amount deposited into bank	Discount allowed	Cash received from Nathan	Discount allowed	Cash paid to Rajesh	Cash drawn from bank for official purpose	Wages paid in cash	Goods purchased for cash	Cash in hand	
3,500	100	4,400	50	2,450	4,000	3,500	2,500	8,500	Rs.

- 18. From the following particulars, prepare a bank reconciliation statement as on 31.12.2009.(a) Bank balance as per cash book (credit)
- (a) Bank balance as per cash book (credit Rs. 7,520
 (b) Cheques issued, but not presented Rs. 3,350
 (c) Cheques deposited but not credited by ban
- (c) Cheques deposited but not credited by bank
 Rs. 12,400
 (d) Credit side of the cash book was under cost
- (d) Credit side of the cash book was under cast by Rs. 200

19. You are required to prepare the trading, profit and loss account for the year ended 31.12.2008; stock (1.1.2008) Rs. 95,280; purchases Rs. 2,62,590; wages Rs. 45,970; sales returns Rs. 8,780; salaries Rs. 16,000; bad debts Rs. 8,620; insurance Rs. 6,400; sales Rs. 3,62,030; commission received Rs. 10,640; purchase returns Rs. 13,360.

SECTION C — $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Answer any THREE questions.

- 20. Discuss the advantages of trading account.
- 21. Describe the errors of principle and error of commission with suitable example.
- 22. Enumerate the causes and objectives of depreciation in accounting.
- 23. Prepare ledger account from the following:
 2010 Rs.
- Apl. 1 Started business with cash 45,000
 2 Paid into bank 25,000
 3 Goods purchased for cash 15,000
 5 Furniture purchased and paid 5,000
 by cheque
- 10 Goods purchased from X 7,000

4

51325/SBZ3C

	Π,		,	Õ
28	22	20	15	010
28. Cash paid to X	Cash received from Aravind	Goods sold to Aravind	15 Goods returned to X	
	130		(4	
5,000	2,000	6,000	100	Rs.

24. From the given details, you are required to ascertained profit and loss for the year ended 30th June, 2005 and also prepare statement of affairs on that date.

	1.7.2004	30.6.2005		
	Rs.	Rs.		
Stock	16,700	18,100		
Sundry creditors	15,400	16,200		
Sundry debtors	11,200	10,600	÷	
Cash in hand	250	1,400		
Bank overdraft	19,200			
Bills receivable	16,000	5,000		
Furniture	1,500	1,500	5	
Scooter	1,900	6.		
Bank balance		2,900		
Capital	12,950	23,300		

51325/SBZ3C

The drawings during the year amounted to Rs. 2,400, depreciate furniture by 10% p.a. Rs. 600 irrecoverable from debtors. Provide 5% reserve for doubtful debts and a reserve of Rs. 200 in respect of bills receivable.

51325/SBZ3C