Time: Three hours Maximum: 75 marks

PART A — $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

Answer any TEN questions.

- 1. What is Internal Trade?
- 2. What is the basis of International Trade?
- 3. Define 'Opportunity Cost'.
- 4. What is two-by-two-by-two model?
- 5. What is Balance of Trade?
- 6. What are the components of BOP account?
- 7. What is Bretton woods monetary plan?
- 8. What is meant by the term 'International Liquidity?
- 9. Expand the expression IBRD.
- 10. What are the objectives of I.B.R.D.?
- 11. What is G.A.T.T.?
- 12. What is Kennedy Round?

PART B — $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$

Answer any FIVE questions.

- 13. Bring out the similarities between internal and international trade.
- 14. What are the assumptions of the theory of comparative cost? Are they realistic?
- 15. What are the assumptions of Haberler's opportunity cost theory?
- 16. State about the importance of BOP and its limitations.
- 17. What is Exchange control? What are its merits and defects?
- 18. State the policy of IMF towards Exchange Rates. Has the IMF been successful in controlling the exchange rate?
- 19. Enumerate the defects and limitations of GATT.

PART C —
$$(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$$

Answer any THREE questions.

- 20. Analyse the benefits of studying International Trade as a subject.
- 21. Explain and illustrate the doctrine of comparative cost as enunciated by David Ricardo.

72236/BB32A

- 22. Analyse the various methods of exchange control and the suitability of each method.
- 23. Give a detailed account of lending operations of I.M.F.
- 24. Discuss about the genesis, objectives and functions of W.T.O.