Time: Three hours

Maximum: 75 marks

PART A — $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

Answer any TEN of the following questions in about 30 words.

- 1. Define Phonetics.
- 2. Oral language in the field of phonetics have three basic area of study. What are they?
- 3. What are the three main components of speech production?
- 4. What is 'Pulmonic Regressive'?
- 5. Differentiate between Monophthong and Diphthong.
- 6. What is Ladefoged famous for?
- 7. Into what can the source of transcription be classified?
- 8. What is the trend noted between consonant clusters and East Asian languages? Which are these languages?
- 9. What are the properties accentuating stress?

- 10. What is the peculiarity of the tone of the constructed language 'Solresol'?
- 11. What do phonemes involve?
- 12. What characteristics are held in contrast to vowels, by semivowels?

PART B — $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$

Answer any FIVE of the following questions in about 200 words.

- 13. How many types of accent exist? Explain.
- 14. What are minimal pairs? What do they demonstrate?
- 15. Draw similarities between bilabial consonants and linguolabial consonants.
- 16. What are the functions of phonetic transcription?
- 17. What entails division of pure vowel sounds?
- 18. Define phoneme. Give examples.
- 19. Determine what the 'absence' of minimal pairs entails.

PART C — $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Answer any THREE of the following questions in about 500 words.

- 20. What is complementary distribution within linguistics? What is it distinct from and indicative of?
- 21. Define syllables with suitable illustrations.
- 22. What entails rime or rhyme of syllable?
- 23. Distinguish phonology from phonetics in detail.
- 24. Explain intonation with suitable illustrations.