Time: Three hours

Maximum: 75 marks

SECTION A — $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

Answer any TEN questions.

- What are the components of computer systems?
- What is meant by generation in computer terminology?
- Write the first 20 numbers in hexadecimal number system.
- Convert binary number 100110 into its octal equivalent in shortcut way.
- Why complementing a number is needed?
- 6. What is meant by two variable map?
- Write the use of Don't care conditions.
- 8. Define tabulation method.
- What is sequential circuit?
- What is the use of shift registers? 10.
- Write any two characteristics of flip flop.
- What is decoder? 12.

SECTION B — $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$

Answer any FIVE questions.

- Describe the classification of computers.
- Write short notes on functions of an operating system.
- 15. Construct truth tables for three input NOR and NAND gates.
- List any five Boolean Algebra functions.
- Simplify the expression Y = AB'D + AB'D' + A'B'D' + ABD
- Differentiate between half adder and full adder.
- Discuss about Programmable Logical Array.

SECTION C — $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Answer any THREE questions.

- List and explain input and output devices of computer.
- Discuss Binary codes in detail.
- Simplify the following Boolean expression F(A, B, C, D) = ABC + BCD + ABCD + ABC usingKarnaugh map.
- Explain the different types of flip flop.
- 24. Write the functioning of 4×1 multiplexer and 3 × 8 decoder with block diagram and truth table:

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