Time: Three hours

Maximum: 75 marks

PART A — $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

Answer any TEN questions.

- 1. Write the scope of Management accounting.
- 2. Define Cost accounting.
- 3. What is comparative income statement?
- 4. What is Trend analysis?
- 5. Define Liability.
- 6. What is Quick asset?
- 7. What is meant by Funds?
- 8. Define Cash flow.
- 9. Highlight the importance of Capital budgeting.
- 10. What is Cost of capital?
- 11. What is profitability ratio?
- 12. List any four applications of funds.

PART B — $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$

Answer any FIVE questions.

- 13. What are the functions of Management accounting?
- 14. What are the problems involved in Financial statement analysis?
- 15. List out the limitations of the ratio analysis.
- 16. Explain the usefulness of Cash flow statement.
- 17. Elucidate the advantages of traditional methods of Capital budgeting.
- 18. What are the merits and demerits of budgetary control?
- 19. Draft the proforma of the funds flow statement

PART C — $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Answer any THREE questions.

- 20. What is Management accounting? How it is different from Financial accounting?
- 21. What do you understand by financial statements? Explain the importance of financial statements.

- 22. What ratios are to be worked out to study the capital structure and leverage of a company?
- 23. Explain the differences between the Funds flow statement and Cash flow statement.
- 24. A project initially costs 50,000. It generates the following cash flows:

 Year
 1
 2
 3
 4
 5

 Cash inflows (')
 18,000
 16,000
 14,000
 12,000
 10,000

 Present value of '1 @ 10%
 .909
 .826
 .751
 .683
 .621

Taking the cut-off rate @ 10%, suggest whether the project should be accepted or not.