Time: Three hours

Maximum: 75 marks

PART A —  $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer any TEN questions in 50 words each.

- 1. What is the central characteristic feature of poetry?
- 2. Define Anima.
- 3. Explain Opprobrium.
- 4. Define Poetics.
- 5. What was the purpose of writing "An Apology for Poetry"?
- 6. How does Wordsworth want the readers to judge his poems?
- 7. What are the two types of estimates that Arnold warns in poetry?
- 8. How does Eliot define Tradition?
- 9. What according to Brooks is the most important factor in Poetry?
- 10. What is Narrative?

- 11. Explain the types of words, cited by Barthes in the final argument.
- 12. Why is structuralism important in literature?

PART B — 
$$(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$$

Answer any FIVE questions in 200 words each.

- 13. Explain Jungian Philosophy.
- 14. How does the interaction of Text and Reader create meanings?
- 15. Attempt a historical estimate of Russian formalism.
- 16. Explain the attack made by Stephen Gosson against poetry.
- 17. Discuss Eliot's Impersonal Theory of Poetry.
- 18. How, according to Brooks, does Donne use the phoenix as a unifying figure?
- 19. What are the differences between classical criticism and modern theory of criticism?

## PART C — $(4 \times 10 = 40 \text{ marks})$

Answer any FOUR questions in 500 words each.

- 20. According to Barthes, how does language acquire the primary importance in a work of creative writings?
- 21. How does the archetypal approach combine all other approaches?
- 22. Discuss Eliot's evaluation on "Tradition and the Individual Talent".
- 23. Examine how Coleridge sees poetry as a mode of knowledge.
- 24. Elucidate the plan of Poetics.
- 25. Explain Plato's views on Imitation.