Time: Three hours

Maximum: 75 marks

PART A —  $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer any TEN each in 50 words.

- 1. Define counselling.
- 2. List the goals of counselling.
- 3. Who is a counsellor?
- 4. Point out the approaches of counselling.
- 5. Give an example for art therapy.
- 6. Specify the types of counselling.
- 7. Expand SOLER.
- B. Write any two techniques of counselling.
- 9. Specify the micro skills associated with counselling
- 10. What does non defensive listening mean?
- 11. Mention any two challenges to provide counselling.
- 12. Expand AIDS.

## PART B — $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$

Answer any FIVE each in 200 words.

- 13. What are the principles of counselling?
- 14. Throw a light on self-renewal.
- 15. Narrate the application of laughter therapy with examples.
- 16. Outline the importance of peer counselling.
- 17. Interpret the helper's skills in counselling.
- 18. Discover the significance of pastoral counselling.
- 19. Why does the adolescent need counselling? Discuss

PART C — 
$$(4 \times 10 = 40 \text{ marks})$$

Answer any FOUR each in 500 words.

- 20. Elaborate the factors influencing counselling process.
- 21. Explain the approaches of counselling.
- 22. Exemplify the types of counselling.

- 23. Explicate the techniques of counselling.
- 24. Examine the Eagan Model of counselling.
- 25. Evaluate the need and importance of counselling in de-addiction centre.