Time: Three hours

Maximum: 75 marks

PART A — $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$

Answer any TEN questions.

- 1. What is investment?
- 2. Define negotiable securities.
- 3. What is meant by risk?
- 4. Short notes on NPV.
- 5. What is fundamental analysis?
- 6. What are financial securities?
- 7. What is meant by portfolio?
- 8. What are risk free assets?
- 9. Expand the CAPM.
- 10. What is intrinsic value?
- 11. What is beta?
- 12. What is meant by debenture?

PART B - $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$

Answer any FIVE questions.

- 13. What are the sources of investment information?
- 14. ABC Ltd is expected to pay a dividend of Rs.5 per share, next year. The dividend is expected to glow perpetually at the rate of 10%. What is the value of the share if the capitalization rate is 15%?
- 15. What are the objectives of fundamental analysis?
- 16. List out the types of portfolio.
- 17. What are the types of efficient market hypothesis?
- 18. Mention the assumptions of CAPM theory.
- 19. What are the main objectives of investment analysis?

PART C —
$$(4 \times 10 = 40 \text{ marks})$$

Answer any FOUR questions.

- 20. Explain the process of investment undertaken by the investor.
- 21. Discuss the sources of risk associated with investment.

- 22. A bond of Rs.1,000 face value, bearing a coupon rate of 12% will mature after 7 years. What is the value of the bond if the discount rules are 14% and 12%?
- 23. The X and Y corporations have the following expected risk and return inputs for the following year.

$$R_x = 15\%$$
 $\sigma_x^2 = 16\%$

$$R_y = 18\% \, \sigma_v^2 = 25\%$$

$$R_{ro} = .6$$

The portfolio risk for a portfolio of 50 per cent in each asset is 4.03. Determine the correlation co-efficient that will be necessary to reduce the level of portfolio risk by 75 per cent? What is the expected return of the equally weighted portfolio?

- 24. Enumerate the various types of order.
- 25. Discuss the parties involved in carry forward transaction.